

Silver (Leictr)

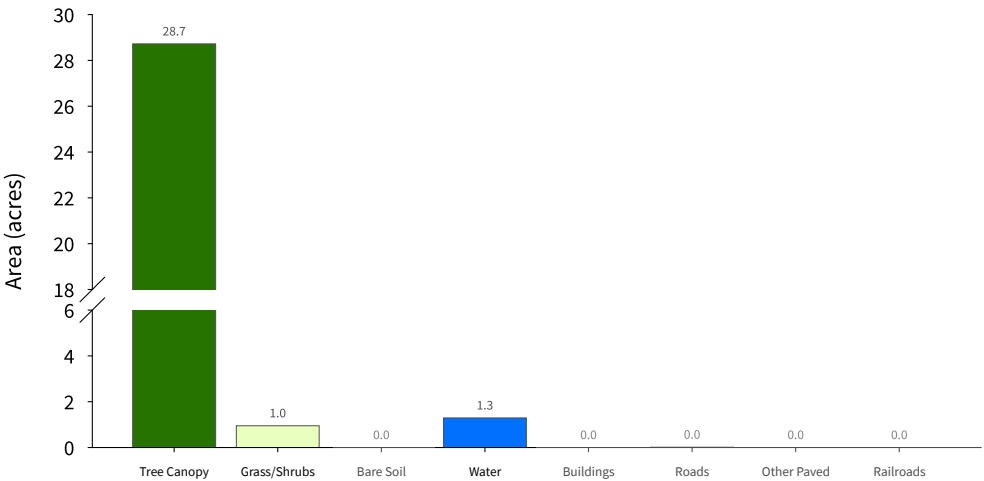
Waterbody + Tributary 100ft Buffer
31 acres
(Base Land Cover Shown)



External Data Sources: UWM SAL High-Resolution (0.5m) Land Cover Dataset, VCGI Vermont State LIDAR, National Hydrography Dataset

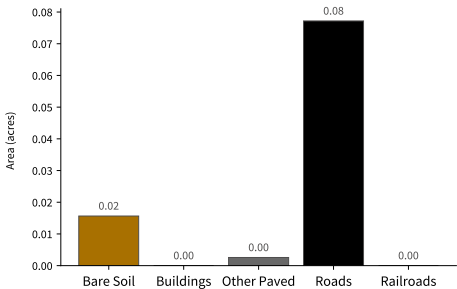
High-Resolution Land Cover Summary

Base Land Cover (Top-Down*)



Supplemental Land Cover

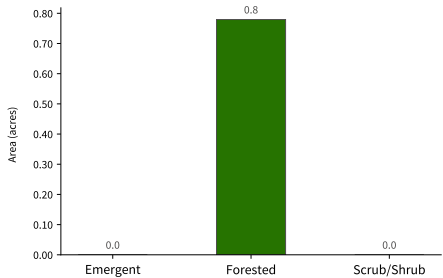
Impervious Surfaces (0.1 acres - 0.3 % of total) (Bottom-Up**)



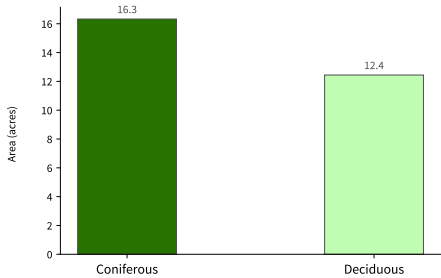
Agriculture (0 acres - 0 % of total)

No Agricultural Land Cover Mapped in this Area

Wetlands (0.78 acres - 2.5 % of total)



Tree Canopy (28.77 acres - 92.8 % of total)

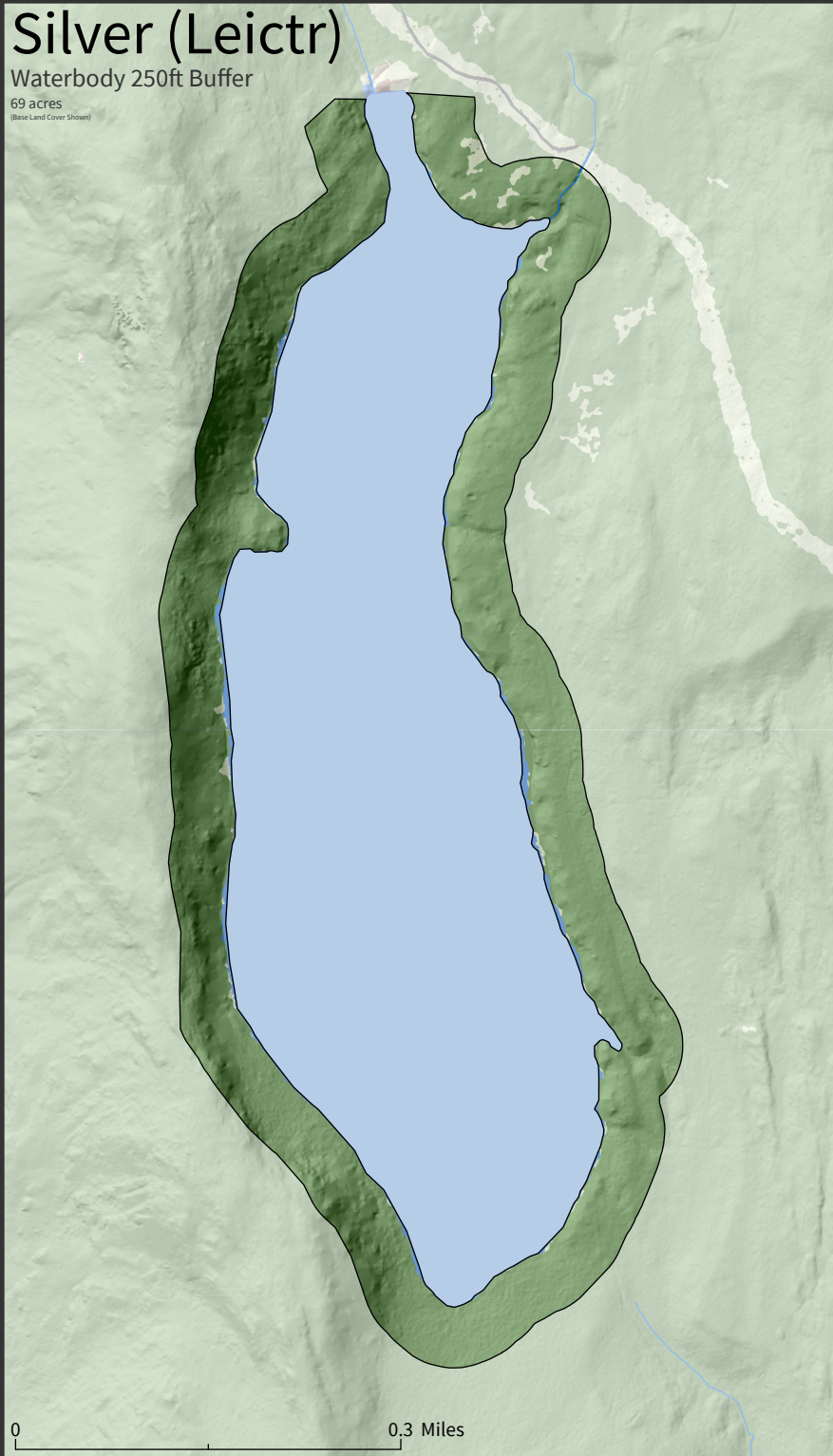


*Top-Down: A traditional land cover mapping approach - land cover is mapped as the uppermost land cover class.
**Bottom-Up: A new land cover mapping approach - land cover is mapped as the lowermost land cover class. This approach results in improved mapping of features overlapped/obscured by other features.
See UWM SAL High-Resolution Land Cover 2025 Report for more detail.

Silver (Leictr)

Waterbody 250ft Buffer

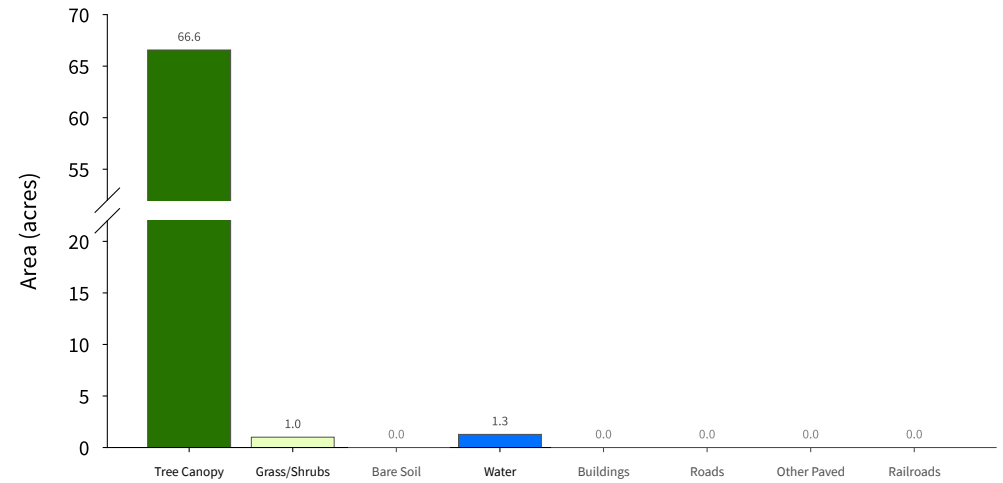
69 acres
(Base Land Cover Shown)



External Data Sources: UWM SAL High-Resolution (0.5m) Land Cover Dataset, VCGI Vermont State LIDAR, National Hydrography Dataset

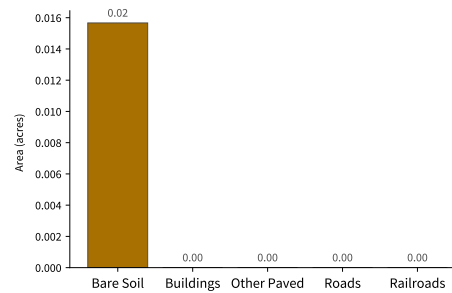
High-Resolution Land Cover Summary

Base Land Cover (Top-Down*)



Supplemental Land Cover

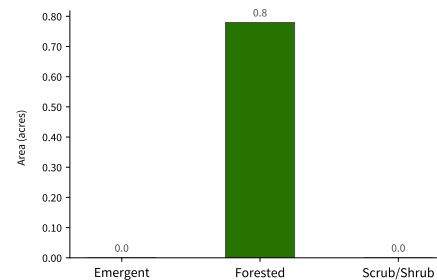
Impervious Surfaces (0.02 acres - 0 % of total) (Bottom-Up**)



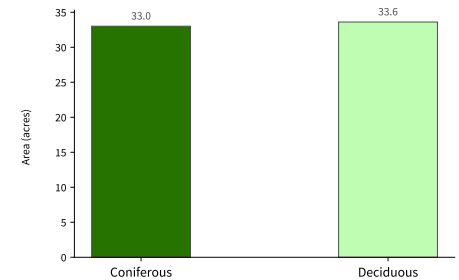
Agriculture (0 acres - 0 % of total)

No Agricultural Land Cover Mapped in this Area

Wetlands (0.78 acres - 1.1 % of total)



Tree Canopy (66.62 acres - 96.5 % of total)



*Top-Down: A traditional land cover mapping approach - land cover is mapped as the uppermost land cover class.

**Bottom-Up: A new land cover mapping approach - land cover is mapped as the lowermost land cover class. This approach results in improved mapping of features overlapped/obscured by other features.
See UWM SAL High-Resolution Land Cover 2025 Report for more detail.

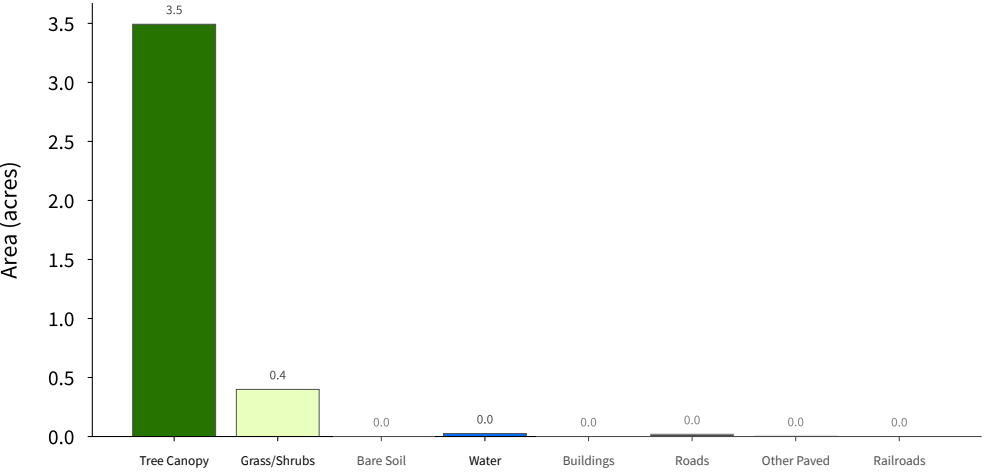
Silver (Leictr)

Tributary 100ft Buffer
4 acres
(Base Land Cover Shown)



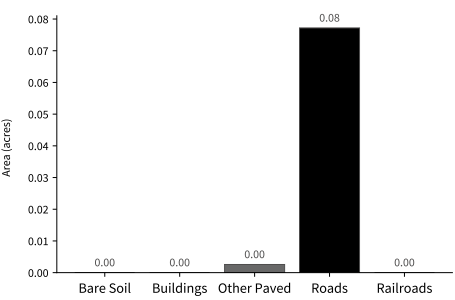
High-Resolution Land Cover Summary

Base Land Cover (Top-Down*)



Supplemental Land Cover

Impervious Surfaces (0.08 acres - 2 % of total) (Bottom-Up**)



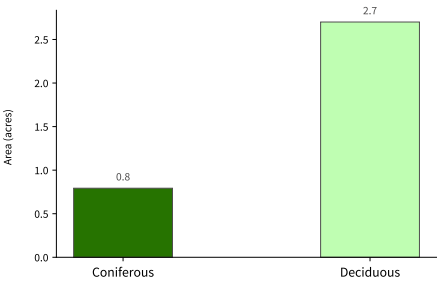
Agriculture (0 acres - 0 % of total)

No Agricultural Land Cover Mapped in this Area

Wetlands (0 acres - 0 % of total)

No Wetlands Land Cover Mapped in this Area

Tree Canopy (3.49 acres - 87.3 % of total)



Silver (Leictr)

Waterbody 100ft Buffer

28 acres

(Base Land Cover Shown)

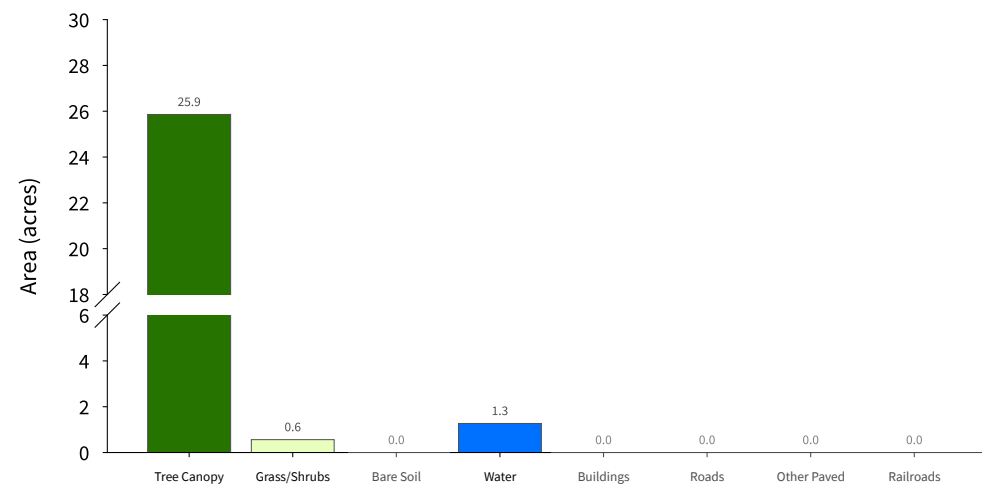


0 0.3 Miles

External Data Sources: UWM SAL High-Resolution (0.5m) Land Cover Dataset, VCGI Vermont State LIDAR, National Hydrography Dataset

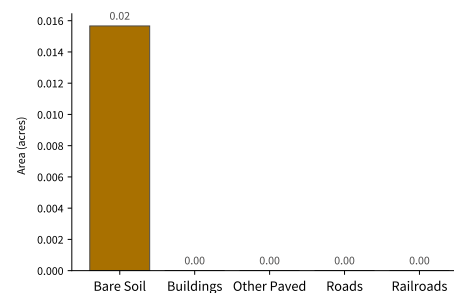
High-Resolution Land Cover Summary

Base Land Cover (Top-Down*)



Supplemental Land Cover

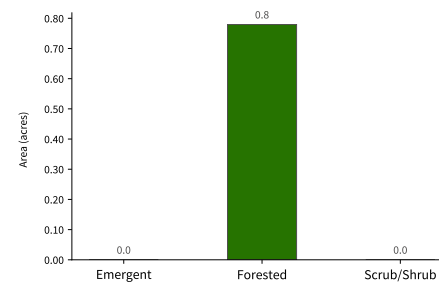
Impervious Surfaces (0.02 acres - 0.1 % of total) (Bottom-Up**)



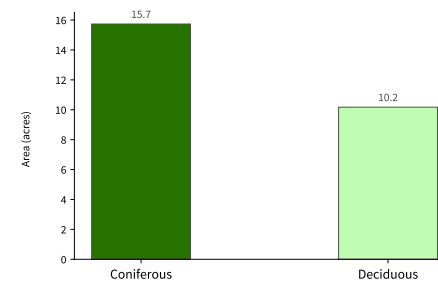
Agriculture (0 acres - 0 % of total)

No Agricultural Land Cover Mapped in this Area

Wetlands (0.78 acres - 2.8 % of total)



Tree Canopy (25.91 acres - 92.5 % of total)



*Top-Down: A traditional land cover mapping approach - land cover is mapped as the uppermost land cover class.

**Bottom-Up: A new land cover mapping approach - land cover is mapped as the lowermost land cover class. This approach results in improved mapping of features overlapped/obscured by other features.

See UWM SAL High-Resolution Land Cover 2015 Report for more detail.

Silver (Leictr)

Watershed

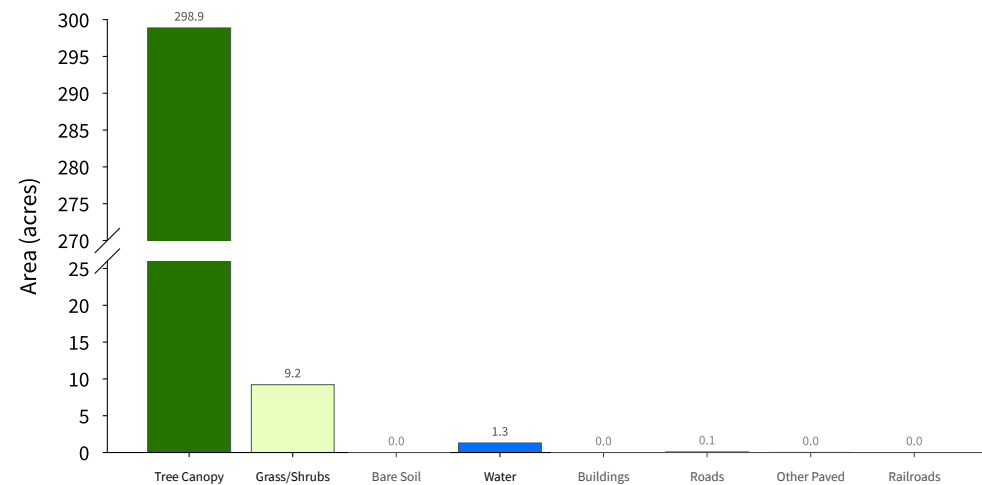
310 acres
(Base Land Cover Shown)

0 0.4 Miles

External Data Sources: UWM SAL High-Resolution (0.5m) Land Cover Dataset, VCGI Vermont State LIDAR, National Hydrography Dataset

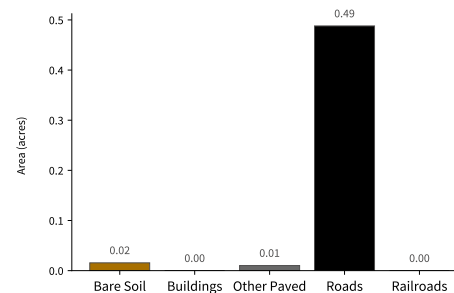
High-Resolution Land Cover Summary

Base Land Cover (Top-Down*)



Supplemental Land Cover

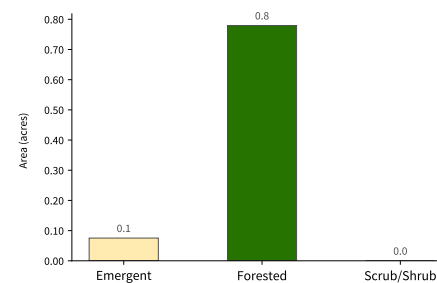
Impervious Surfaces (0.51 acres - 0.2 % of total) (Bottom-Up**)



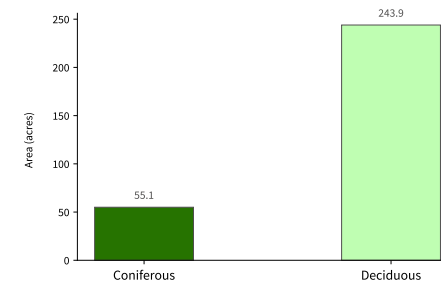
Agriculture (0 acres - 0 % of total)

No Agricultural Land Cover Mapped in this Area

Wetlands (0.85 acres - 0.3 % of total)



Tree Canopy (299 acres - 96.5 % of total)



*Top-Down: A traditional land cover mapping approach - land cover is mapped as the uppermost land cover class.
**Bottom-Up: A new land cover mapping approach - land cover is mapped as the lowermost land cover class. This approach results in improved mapping of features overlapped/obscured by other features.
See UWM SAL High-Resolution Land Cover 2025 Report for more detail.